INDEX TO VOLUME 33

Subject Index

Abortion

After abortion, mixed mental health, Update, p. 3.

Choice of and satisfaction with methods of medical and surgical abortion among U.S. clinic patients, Harvey SM, Beckman LJ and Satre SJ, p. 212.

Effect of partners' characteristics on teenage pregnancy and its resolution, see **Fertility: Planning and Effects.**

For minors, postabortion blues? Update, p. 243.

How available is abortion training? Letter, Landy U and Steinauer JE, p. 88.

In clinical use, low-dose medical abortion method proves highly successful, Digest, p. 138.

Influence of significant others on Australian teenagers' decisions about pregnancy resolution, see **Teenagers.**

Young adults favor abortion, sort of, Update, p. 2.

Who'll pay for medical abortion? Update, p. 98.

Barrier Methods

Characteristics of adolescents' sexual partners and their association with use of condoms and other contraceptive methods, see **Teenagers.**

Choice of female-controlled barrier methods among young women and their male sexual partners, Minnis AM and Padian NS, p. 29.

Condoms reduce women's risk of herpes infection but do not protect men, see **Sexually Transmitted Diseases.**

Contraceptive use elevates the odds of barrier method use for disease prevention, see **Contraceptive Practice**.

Factors influencing condom use depend upon whether a woman has had a sexually transmitted disease, Digest, p. 284.

Female condoms remain structurally sound after being washed and reused as many as seven times, Digest, p. 186.

NIH condom report: the glass is 90% full, Viewpoint, Cates W, Jr., p. 231.

One word for condom users: plastic, Update, p. 190.

Users give new synthetic and latex condoms similar ratings on most features, Digest, p. 45.

Young people in the United States are often misinformed about the proper use of condoms, Digest, p. 235.

Breastfeeding

Does breast milk cause asthma? Update, p. 191.

Health care providers' encouragement spurs women to breastfeed, Digest, p. 184.

Medium is the message, Update, p. 143.

Contraceptive Practice

Characteristics of adolescents' sexual partners and their association with use of condoms and other contraceptive methods, see **Teenagers.**

Choice of female-controlled barrier methods among young women and their male sexual partners, see **Barrier Methods.**

Contraceptive failure in the first two years of use: differences across socioeconomic subgroups, Ranjit N, Bankole A, Darroch JE and Singh S, p. 19.

Contraceptive use elevates the odds of barrier method use for disease prevention, Digest, p. 93.

Differences in teenage pregnancy rates among five developed countries: the roles of sexual activity and contraceptive use, see **Teenagers.**

Tubal sterilization in the United States, 1994–1996, see **Sterilization.**

Union status, marital history and female contraceptive sterilization in the United States, see **Sterilization**.

Contraceptive Research

Female condoms remain structurally sound after being washed and reused as many as seven times, see **Barrier Methods**.

Patch is as effective as pill; weekly dosing schedule may improve compliance, Digest, p. 239.

Users give new synthetic and latex condoms similar ratings on most features, see **Barrier Methods**.

Emergency Contraception

Buy direct and save, Update, p. 242.

ECs make pediatricians squirm, Update, p. 51.

Increasing access to emergency contraception through community pharmacies: lessons from Washington State, Special Report, Gardner JS, Hutchings J, Fuller TS and Downing D, p. 172.

Many women at high risk for unintended pregnancy are unaware of emergency contraception or how to use it, Digest, p. 42.

Tomorrow and tomorrow and..., Update, p. 98.

Evaluation of Programs

Answers to Old Question Emerge, Update, p. 142.

Effects of a parent-child communications intervention on young adolescents' risk for early onset of sexual intercourse, see **Teenagers.**

Provision of hormonal contraceptives without a mandatory pelvic examination: the First Stop demonstration project, see **Oral Contraceptives.**

Fertility: Planning and Effects

Childbearing in cohabiting unions: racial and ethnic differences, Manning WD, p. 217.

Fertility desires and intentions of HIV-positive men and women, Chen JL, Phillips KA, Kanouse DE, Collins RL and Miu A, p. 144.

Government Policy, Programming and Funding

Family planning clinic services in the United States: patterns and trends in the late 1990s, see **Service Providers**.

Reproductive health services for adolescents under the State Children's Health Insurance Program, Gold RB and Sonfield A, p. 81.

States' implementation of the Section 510 abstinence education program, FY 1999, Sonfield A and Gold RB, p. 166.

International

Differences in teenage pregnancy rates among five developed countries: the roles of sexual activity and contraceptive use, see **Teenagers.**

Influence of significant others on Australian teenagers' decisions about pregnancy resolution, see **Teenagers**.

Risk factors for HIV and other sexually transmitted diseases among adolescents in St. Petersburg, Russia, see **Teenagers**.

Socioeconomic disadvantage and adolescent women's sexual and reproductive behavior: the case of five developed countries, see **Teenagers**.

Teenage childbearing and long-term socioeconomic consequences: a case study in Sweden, see **Teenagers**.

Thai men who patronize prostitutes place their wives at risk of HPV-associated cervical cancer, see **Reproductive Health**.

Intrauterine Devices

First pregnancy may be difficult to achieve after long-term use of an IUD, Digest, p. 181.

Has the IUD had a bum rap? Update, p. 242.

IUD and recovery of fertility, Letter, Sivin I, Webb A and Stedman Y, p. 234.

Law and Policy

Increasing access to emergency contraception through community pharmacies: lessons from Washington State, Special Report, see **Emergency Contraception.**

Reproductive health services for adolescents under the State Children's Health Insurance Program, see **Government Policy, Programming and Funding**.

Males

Boyhood abuse increases men's risk of involvement in a teenager's pregnancy, Digest, p. 184.

Effect of partners' characteristics on teenage pregnancy and its resolution, see **Fertility: Planning and Effects.**

Influence of significant others on Australian teenagers' decisions about pregnancy resolution, see **Teenagers**.

Marriage and the Family

Childbearing in cohabiting unions: racial and ethnic differences, see **Fertility: Planning and**

INDEX TO VOLUME 33

Subject Index

Abortion

After abortion, mixed mental health, Update, p. 3.

Choice of and satisfaction with methods of medical and surgical abortion among U.S. clinic patients, Harvey SM, Beckman LJ and Satre SJ, p. 212.

Effect of partners' characteristics on teenage pregnancy and its resolution, see **Fertility: Planning and Effects.**

For minors, postabortion blues? Update, p. 243.

How available is abortion training? Letter, Landy U and Steinauer JE, p. 88.

In clinical use, low-dose medical abortion method proves highly successful, Digest, p. 138.

Influence of significant others on Australian teenagers' decisions about pregnancy resolution, see **Teenagers.**

Young adults favor abortion, sort of, Update, p. 2.

Who'll pay for medical abortion? Update, p. 98.

Barrier Methods

Characteristics of adolescents' sexual partners and their association with use of condoms and other contraceptive methods, see **Teenagers.**

Choice of female-controlled barrier methods among young women and their male sexual partners, Minnis AM and Padian NS, p. 29.

Condoms reduce women's risk of herpes infection but do not protect men, see **Sexually Transmitted Diseases.**

Contraceptive use elevates the odds of barrier method use for disease prevention, see **Contraceptive Practice**.

Factors influencing condom use depend upon whether a woman has had a sexually transmitted disease, Digest, p. 284.

Female condoms remain structurally sound after being washed and reused as many as seven times, Digest, p. 186.

NIH condom report: the glass is 90% full, Viewpoint, Cates W, Jr., p. 231.

One word for condom users: plastic, Update, p. 190.

Users give new synthetic and latex condoms similar ratings on most features, Digest, p. 45.

Young people in the United States are often misinformed about the proper use of condoms, Digest, p. 235.

Breastfeeding

Does breast milk cause asthma? Update, p. 191.

Health care providers' encouragement spurs women to breastfeed, Digest, p. 184.

Medium is the message, Update, p. 143.

Contraceptive Practice

Characteristics of adolescents' sexual partners and their association with use of condoms and other contraceptive methods, see **Teenagers.**

Choice of female-controlled barrier methods among young women and their male sexual partners, see **Barrier Methods.**

Contraceptive failure in the first two years of use: differences across socioeconomic subgroups, Ranjit N, Bankole A, Darroch JE and Singh S, p. 19.

Contraceptive use elevates the odds of barrier method use for disease prevention, Digest, p. 93.

Differences in teenage pregnancy rates among five developed countries: the roles of sexual activity and contraceptive use, see **Teenagers.**

Tubal sterilization in the United States, 1994–1996, see **Sterilization.**

Union status, marital history and female contraceptive sterilization in the United States, see **Sterilization**.

Contraceptive Research

Female condoms remain structurally sound after being washed and reused as many as seven times, see **Barrier Methods**.

Patch is as effective as pill; weekly dosing schedule may improve compliance, Digest, p. 239.

Users give new synthetic and latex condoms similar ratings on most features, see **Barrier Methods**.

Emergency Contraception

Buy direct and save, Update, p. 242.

ECs make pediatricians squirm, Update, p. 51.

Increasing access to emergency contraception through community pharmacies: lessons from Washington State, Special Report, Gardner JS, Hutchings J, Fuller TS and Downing D, p. 172.

Many women at high risk for unintended pregnancy are unaware of emergency contraception or how to use it, Digest, p. 42.

Tomorrow and tomorrow and..., Update, p. 98.

Evaluation of Programs

Answers to Old Question Emerge, Update, p. 142.

Effects of a parent-child communications intervention on young adolescents' risk for early onset of sexual intercourse, see **Teenagers.**

Provision of hormonal contraceptives without a mandatory pelvic examination: the First Stop demonstration project, see **Oral Contraceptives.**

Fertility: Planning and Effects

Childbearing in cohabiting unions: racial and ethnic differences, Manning WD, p. 217.

Fertility desires and intentions of HIV-positive men and women, Chen JL, Phillips KA, Kanouse DE, Collins RL and Miu A, p. 144.

Government Policy, Programming and Funding

Family planning clinic services in the United States: patterns and trends in the late 1990s, see **Service Providers**.

Reproductive health services for adolescents under the State Children's Health Insurance Program, Gold RB and Sonfield A, p. 81.

States' implementation of the Section 510 abstinence education program, FY 1999, Sonfield A and Gold RB, p. 166.

International

Differences in teenage pregnancy rates among five developed countries: the roles of sexual activity and contraceptive use, see **Teenagers.**

Influence of significant others on Australian teenagers' decisions about pregnancy resolution, see **Teenagers**.

Risk factors for HIV and other sexually transmitted diseases among adolescents in St. Petersburg, Russia, see **Teenagers**.

Socioeconomic disadvantage and adolescent women's sexual and reproductive behavior: the case of five developed countries, see **Teenagers**.

Teenage childbearing and long-term socioeconomic consequences: a case study in Sweden, see **Teenagers**.

Thai men who patronize prostitutes place their wives at risk of HPV-associated cervical cancer, see **Reproductive Health**.

Intrauterine Devices

First pregnancy may be difficult to achieve after long-term use of an IUD, Digest, p. 181.

Has the IUD had a bum rap? Update, p. 242.

IUD and recovery of fertility, Letter, Sivin I, Webb A and Stedman Y, p. 234.

Law and Policy

Increasing access to emergency contraception through community pharmacies: lessons from Washington State, Special Report, see **Emergency Contraception.**

Reproductive health services for adolescents under the State Children's Health Insurance Program, see **Government Policy, Programming and Funding**.

Males

Boyhood abuse increases men's risk of involvement in a teenager's pregnancy, Digest, p. 184.

Effect of partners' characteristics on teenage pregnancy and its resolution, see **Fertility: Planning and Effects.**

Influence of significant others on Australian teenagers' decisions about pregnancy resolution, see **Teenagers**.

Marriage and the Family

Childbearing in cohabiting unions: racial and ethnic differences, see **Fertility: Planning and**

Effects.

Union status, marital history and female contraceptive sterilization in the United States, see **Sterilization**.

Maternal and Child Health

Births at 32–36 weeks account for more infant deaths than earlier births, Digest, p. 46.

Exposure to multiple risk factors linked to delivery of underweight infants, see **Pregnancy and Childbirth.**

Folic acid seems to work, Update, p. 242.

Labor induction for vaginal birth after cesarean may lead to uterine rupture, see **Pregnancy and Childbirth**.

Maternal exposure to weed, rodent killers raises risk of congenital heart defect, see **Pregnancy and Childbirth**.

Reduced risks for teenagers' babies, Update, p. 51.

Substantial minority of new mothers lack basic facts about the transmission of HIV from mother to child, Digest, p. 90.

Well-baby care visits create opportunity to screen new mothers for abuse during postpartum period, Digest, p. 136.

Where do mothers fare best? Update, p. 142.

Oral Contraceptives

BRCA mutations lessen protective effect of pill against ovarian cancer, Digest, p. 286.

Knowledge of and attitudes toward the pill: results of a national survey in Japan, Kihara MO, Kramer JS, Bain D, Kihara M and Mandel J, p. 123.

Most refined analysis to date confirms link between third-generation pills and venous thromboembolism, Digest, p. 133.

Provision of hormonal contraceptives without a mandatory pelvic examination: the First Stop demonstration project, Harper C, Balistreri E, Boggess J and Darney P, p. 13.

Women with family history of breast cancer have added risk with pill use, Digest, p. 45.

Population and Policy Research

The media, public opinion and population assistance: establishing the link, see **Public Opinion.**

Using photographs to strengthen family planning research, Viewpoint, Donaldson PJ, p. 176.

Pregnancy and Childbirth

Are crack babies a myth? Update, p. 98.

Being underweight does not raise the risk of most pregnancy complications, Digest, p. 187.

Births at 32–36 weeks account for more infant deaths than earlier births, see **Maternal and Child Health**.

Cesarean section poses fewer risks than vaginal delivery for term infants in breech presentation, Digest, p. 92.

Exposure to multiple risk factors linked to delivery of underweight infants, Digest, p. 238.

Folic acid: who knows? Update, p. 190.

HIV testing in pregnancy, Update, p. 243.

HIV therapy options in pregnancy, Update, p. 51.

How to eat for two, Update, p. 190.

Inexplicable racial gap, Update, p. 2.

Job-related fatigue during first pregnancy may cause early membrane rupture, Digest, p. 138.

Labor induction for vaginal birth after cesarean may lead to uterine rupture, Digest, p. 287.

Maternal exposure to weed, rodent killers raises risk of congenital heart defect, Digest, p. 137.

New analgesia techniques for labor raise chances of normal vaginal birth, Digest, p. 283.

Preeclampsia and eclampsia, while often preventable, are among top causes of pregnancy-related deaths, Digest, p. 182.

Pregnancy after stress after trauma, Update, p. 99.

Pregnancy intentions: final answer? Update, p. 3.

Sexual intercourse and orgasm during late pregnancy may have a protective effect against preterm delivery, Digest, p. 185.

Substantial minority of new mothers lack basic facts about the transmission of HIV from mother to child, see **Maternal and Child Health**.

Try and try and…miscarry? Update, p. 2.

Vertical HIV transmission: risk grows with duration of membrane rupture, Digest, p. 134.

Why do pregnant women die? Update, p. 143.

Public Opinion

Americans are boy-crazy, Update, p. 98.

Knowledge of and attitudes toward the pill: results of a national survey in Japan, see **Oral Contraceptives.**

The media, public opinion and population assistance: establishing the link, Viewpoint, Schindlmayr T, p. 129.

Reproductive Health

Another Pap smear: who returns? Update, p. 243.

Being underweight does not raise the risk of most pregnancy complications, see **Pregnancy and Childbirth**.

BRCA mutations lessen protective effect of pill against ovarian cancer, see **Oral Contraceptives.**

Douching raises infection risk, but only for women without bacterial vaginosis, Digest, p. 240.

Estrogen therapy gets short shrift, Update, p. 50.

Factors at birth may affect women's risk of developing breast cancer at young age, Digest, p. 94.

Fertility desires and intentions of HIV-positive men and women, see **Fertility: Planning and Effects**.

Human papillomavirus infection, benign lesions have different risk factors, see **Sexually Transmitted Diseases**.

How good is "normal"? Update, p. 142.

Lesbians are more likely than U.S. women overall to have risk factors for gynecologic and breast cancer, Digest, p. 183.

More woes after DES exposure, Update, p. 243.

Multiple factors, including genetic and environmental components, influence when menopause begins, Digest, p. 236.

Preeclampsia and eclampsia, while often preventable, are among top causes of pregnancy-related deaths, see **Pregnancy and Childbirth**.

Public or private providers? U.S. women's use of reproductive health services, see **Service Providers**.

Reproductive health services for adolescents under the State Children's Health Insurance Program, see **Government Policy, Programming and Funding**.

Sexual intercourse and orgasm during late pregnancy may have a protective effect against preterm delivery, see **Pregnancy and Childbirth**.

Thai men who patronize prostitutes place their wives at risk of HPV-associated cervical cancer, Digest, p. 237.

Where there's smoke, there's…, Update, p. 142.

Women exposed to DES in utero have elevated risks of fertility impairment and adverse pregnancy outcomes, Digest, p. 43.

Women with family history of breast cancer have added risk with pill use, see **Oral Contraceptives**.

Women's health at Catholic schools, Update, p. 99.

Service Providers

Family planning clinic services in the United States: patterns and trends in the late 1990s, Frost JJ, Ranjit N, Manzella K, Darroch JE and Audam S, p. 113.

How available is abortion training? see **Abortion**.

Increasing access to emergency contraception through community pharmacies: lessons from Washington State, see **Emergency Contraception**.

Providers who see sexually active teenagers often fail to test them for chlamydia, see **Teenagers**.

Provision of hormonal contraceptives without a mandatory pelvic examination: the First Stop demonstration project, see **Oral Contraceptives**.

Public or private providers? U.S. women's use of reproductive health services, Frost JJ, p. 4.

Reproductive and sexual health benefits in

private health insurance plans in Washington State, Kurth A, Bielinski L, Graap K, Conniff J and Connell FA, p. 153.

Sexual Behavior

Adverse childhood experiences and sexual risk behaviors in women: a retrospective cohort study, Hillis SD, Anda RF, Felitti VJ and Marchbanks PA, p. 206.

Attention must be paid, Update, p. 190.

Boyhood abuse increases men's risk of involvement in a teenager's pregnancy, see **Males**.

Differences in teenage pregnancy rates among five developed countries: the roles of sexual activity and contraceptive use, see **Teenagers**.

Early sexual initiation and subsequent sex-related risks among urban minority youth: the Reach for Health study, see **Teenagers**.

Effects of a parent-child communications intervention on young adolescents' risk for early onset of sexual intercourse, see **Teenagers**.

Health risks after dating violence, Update, p. 242.

History of sexual abuse elevates Massachusetts teenagers' risk of engaging in unsafe sexual practices, see **Teenagers**.

Just like in the movies! Update, p. 12.

Levels of HIV risk behavior are significantly elevated among women who have ever had sex with women, Digest, p. 91.

Levels of sexual experience among U.S. teenagers have declined for the first time in three decades, see **Teenagers**.

Once a victim, always a victim? Update, p. 50.

Preteenage relationship with an older partner may lead to early first sex, see **Teenagers.**

Risks among youths who have multiple sisters who were adolescent parents, see **Teenagers**.

Socioeconomic disadvantage and adolescent women's sexual and reproductive behavior: the case of five developed countries, see **Teenagers**.

Timing of alcohol and other drug use and sexual risk behaviors among unmarried adolescents and young adults, Santelli JS, Robin L, Brener ND and Lowry R, p. 200.

Understanding what works and what doesn't in reducing adolescent sexual risk-taking, see **Teenagers**.

Sexuality Education

Effects of a parent-child communications intervention on young adolescents' risk for early onset of sexual intercourse, see **Teenagers**.

It's never too late to learn, Update, p. 143.

States' implementation of the Section 510 abstinence education program, FY 1999, see **Government Policy, Programming and Funding**.

Sexually Transmitted Diseases

Acquired immunity? Update, p. 2.

Among teenagers treated for chlamydia, two-year reinfection rate nears 20%, see **Teenagers**.

As if having HIV weren't enough, Update, p. 3.

Condoms reduce women's risk of herpes infection, but do not protect men, Digest, p. 283.

Contraceptive use elevates the odds of barrier method use for disease prevention, see **Contraceptive Practice**.

HIV, AIDS and women today, Update, p. 143.

Human papillomavirus infection, benign lesions have different risk factors, Digest, p. 287.

Levels of HIV risk behavior are significantly elevated among women who have ever had sex with women, see **Sexual Behavior**.

New HIV prevention framework, Update, p. 2.

New target group for HIV prevention, Update, p. 98.

Providers who see sexually active teenagers often fail to test them for chlamydia, see **Teenagers**.

Risk factors for HIV and other sexually transmitted diseases among adolescents in St. Petersburg, Russia, see **Teenagers**.

Risk of HIV transmission is raised by high viral load, presence of genital ulcers, Digest, p. 240.

Stigma and ignorance, Update, p. 50.

Substantial minority of new mothers lack basic facts about the transmission of HIV from mother to child, see **Maternal and Child Health**.

Tell it to the Marines, Update, p. 191.

Who's for HIV testing at home? Update, p. 50.

Woman-to-woman: STDs happen, Update, p. 242.

Sterilization

Menstruation after sterilization, Update, p. 3.

Sterilization may prevent cancer, Update, p. 191.

Tubal sterilization in the United States, 1994–1996, MacKay AP, Kieke BA, Jr., Koonin LM and Beattie K, p. 161.

Union status, marital history and female contraceptive sterilization in the United States, Godecker AL, Thomson E and Bumpass LL, p. 35.

Teenagers

Among teenagers treated for chlamydia, two-year reinfection rate nears 20%, Digest, p. 135.

Boyhood abuse increases men's risk of involvement in a teenager's pregnancy, see **Males**.

Characteristics of adolescents' sexual partners and their association with use of condoms and other contraceptive methods, Ford K, Sohn W and Lepkowski J, p. 100.

Dating violence leaves many scars, Update, p. 190.

Differences in teenage pregnancy rates among five developed countries: the roles of sexual activity and contraceptive use, Darroch JE, Singh S, Frost JJ and the Study Team, p. 244.

Early sexual initiation and subsequent sex-related risks among urban minority youth: the Reach for Health study, O'Donnell L, O'Donnell CR and Stueve A, p. 268.

Earth to teenagers: you are at risk! Update, p. 99.

Effect of partners' characteristics on teenage pregnancy and its resolution, Zavodny M, p. 192.

Effects of a parent-child communications intervention on young adolescents' risk for early onset of sexual intercourse, Blake SM, Simkin L, Ledsky R, Perkins C and Calabrese JM, p. 52.

Effects of early childbearing on schooling over time, Hofferth SL, Reid L and Mott FL, p. 259.

History of sexual abuse elevates Massachusetts teenagers' risk of engaging in unsafe sexual practices, Digest, p. 44.

Influence of significant others on Australian teenagers' decisions about pregnancy resolution, Kurth A, p. 224.

Levels of sexual experience among U.S. teenagers have declined for the first time in three decades, Digest, p. 180.

Manifestations of poverty and birthrates among young teenagers in California zip code areas, Kirby D, Coyle K and Gould JB, p. 63.

Preteenage relationship with an older partner may lead to early first sex, Digest, p. 134.

Providers who see sexually active teenagers often fail to test them for chlamydia, Digest, p. 93.

Reproductive health services for adolescents under the State Children's Health Insurance Program, see **Government Policy, Programming and Funding**.

Risk factors for HIV and other sexually transmitted diseases among adolescents in St. Petersburg, Russia, Amirkhanian YA, Tiunov DV and Kelly JA, p. 106.

Risks among youths who have multiple sisters who were adolescent parents, East PL and Kiernan EA, p. 75.

Risks and disadvantages are raised for teenage mothers with older adult partners, Digest, p. 285.

Socioeconomic disadvantage and adolescent women's sexual and reproductive behavior: the case of five developed countries, Singh S, Darroch JE, Frost JJ and the Study Team, p. 251.

Teenage childbearing and long-term socioeconomic consequences: a case study in Sweden, Olausson PO, Haglund B, Weitoft GR and Cnattingius S, p. 71.

Teenagers, health stuff and the Net, Update, p. 190.

Timing of alcohol and other drug use and sexual risk behaviors among unmarried adolescents and young adults, see **Sexual Behavior.**

Understanding what works and what doesn't in reducing adolescent sexual risk-taking, Viewpoint, Kirby D, p. 276.

Young mothers' disadvantage, not their age itself, accounts for their children's educational problems, Digest, p. 282.

Author Index

Amirkhanian YA, Tiunov DV and Kelly JA, Risk factors for HIV and other sexually transmitted diseases among adolescents in St. Petersburg, Russia, p. 106.

Anda RF, see Hillis SD.

Audam S, see Frost JJ.

Bain D, see Kihara MO.

Balistreri E, see Harper C.

Bankole A, see Ranjit N.

Beattie K, see MacKay AP.

Beckman LJ, see Harvey SM.

Bielinski L, see Kurth A.

Blake SM, Simkin L, Ledsky R, Perkins C and Calabrese JM, Effects of a parent-child communications intervention on young adolescents' risk for early onset of sexual intercourse, p. 52.

Boggess J, see Harper C.

Brener ND, see Santelli JS.

Bumpass LL, see Godecker AL.

Calabrese JM, see Blake SM.

Cates W, Jr., The NIH condom report: the glass is 90% full, Viewpoint, p. 231.

Chen JL, Phillips KA, Kanouse DE, Collins RL and Miu A, Fertility desires and intentions of HIV-positive men and women, p. 144.

Cnattingius S, see Olausson PO.

Collins RL, see Chen JL.

Connell FA, see Kurth A.

Conniff J, see Kurth A.

Coyle K, see Kirby D.

Darney P, see Harper C.

Darroch JE, Singh S, Frost JJ and the Study Team, Differences in teenage pregnancy rates among five developed countries: the roles of sexual activity and contraceptive use, p. 244.

Darroch JE, see Frost JJ; Ranjit N; Singh S.

Donaldson PJ, Using photographs to strengthen family planning research, Viewpoint, p. 176.

Downing D, see Gardner JS.

East PL and Kiernan EA, Risks among youths who have multiple sisters who were adolescent parents, p. 75.

Evans A, The influence of significant others on Australian teenagers' decisions about pregnancy resolution, p. 224.

Felitti VJ, see Hillis SD.

Ford K, Sohn W and Lepkowski J, Characteristics of adolescents' sexual partners and their association with use of condoms and other contraceptive methods, p. 100.

Frost JJ, Ranjit N, Manzella K, Darroch JE and Audam S, Family planning clinic services in the United States: patterns and trends in the late 1990s, p. 113.

Frost JJ, Public or private providers? U.S. women's use of reproductive health services, p. 4; see also Darroch JE; Singh S.

Fuller TS, see Gardner JS.

Gardner JS, Hutchings J, Fuller TS and Downing D, Increasing access to emergency contraception through community pharmacies: lessons from Washington State, Special Report, p. 172.

Godecker AL, Thomson E and Bumpass LL, Union status, marital history and female contraceptive sterilization in the United States, p. 35.

Gold RB and Sonfield A, Reproductive health services for adolescents under the State Children's Health Insurance Program, p. 81.

Gold RB, see Sonfield A.

Gould JB, see Kirby D.

Graap K, see Kurth A.

Haglund B, see Olausson PO.

Harper C, Balistreri E, Boggess J, Leon K and Darney P, Provision of hormonal contraceptives without a mandatory pelvic examination: the First Stop demonstration project, p. 13.

Harvey SM, Beckman LJ and Satre SJ, Choice of and satisfaction with methods of medical and surgical abortion among U.S. clinic patients, p. 212.

Hillis SD, Anda RF, Felitti VJ and Marchbanks PA, Adverse childhood experiences and sexual risk behaviors in women: a retrospective cohort study, p. 206.

Hofferth SL, Reid L and Mott FL, The effects of early childbearing on schooling over time, p. 259.

Hutchings J, see Gardner JS.

Kanouse DE, see Chen JL.

Kelly JA, see Amirkhanian YA.

Kieke BA, Jr., see MacKay AP.

Kiernan EA, see East PL.

Kihara M, see Kihara MO.

Kihara MO, Kramer JS, Bain D, Kihara M and Mandel J, Knowledge of and attitudes toward the pill: results of a national survey in Japan, p. 123.

Kirby D, Understanding what works and what doesn't in reducing adolescent sexual risk-taking, Viewpoint, p. 276.

Kirby D, Coyle K and Gould JB, Manifestations of poverty and birthrates among young teenagers in California zip code areas, p. 63.

Koonin LM, see MacKay AP.

Kramer JS, see Kihara MO.

Kurth A, Bielinski L, Graap K, Conniff J and Connell FA, Reproductive and sexual health benefits in private health insurance plans in Washington State, p. 153.

Landy U and Steinauer JE, How available is abortion training? Letter, p. 88.

Ledsky R, see Blake SM.

Leon K, see Harper C.

Lepkowski J, see Ford K.

Lowry R, see Santelli JS.

MacKay AP, Kieke BA, Jr., Koonin LM and Beattie K, Tubal sterilization in the United States, 1994–1996, p. 161.

Mandel J, see Kihara MO.

Manning WD, Childbearing in cohabiting unions: racial and ethnic differences, p. 217.

Manzella K, see Frost JJ.

Marchbanks PA, see Hillis SD.

Minnis AM and Padian NS, Choice of female-controlled barrier methods among young women and their male sexual partners, p. 28.

Miu A, see Chen JL.

Mott FL, see Hofferth SL.

O'Donnell CR, see O'Donnell L.

O'Donnell L, O'Donnell CR and Stueve A, Early sexual initiation and subsequent sex-related risks among urban minority youth: the Reach for Health study, p. 268.

Olausson PO, Haglund B, Weitoft GR and Cnattingius S, Teenage childbearing and long-term socioeconomic consequences: a case study in Sweden, p. 70.

Padian NS, see Minnis AM.

Perkins C, see Blake SM.

Phillips KA, see Chen JL.

Ranjit N, Bankole A, Darroch JE and Singh S, Contraceptive failure in the first two years of use: differences across socioeconomic subgroups, p. 19.

Ranjit N, see Frost JJ.

Reid L, see Hofferth SL.

Robin L, see Santelli JS.

Santelli JS, Robin L, Brener ND and Lowry R, Timing of alcohol and other drug use and sexual risk behaviors among unmarried adolescents and young adults, p. 200.

Satre SJ, see Harvey SM.

Schindlmayr T, The media, public opinion and population assistance: establishing the link, Viewpoint, p. 128.

Simkin L, see Blake SM.

Singh S, Darroch JE, Frost JJ and the Study Team, Socioeconomic disadvantage and adolescent women's sexual and reproductive behavior: the case of five developed countries, p. 251.

Singh S, see Darroch JE; Ranjit N.

Sivin I, Webb A and Stedman Y, The IUD and recovery of fertility, Letter, p. 234.

Sohn W, see Ford K.

Sonfield A and Gold RB, States' implementation of the Section 510 abstinence education program, FY 1999, p. 166.

Sonfield A, see Gold RB.

Stedman Y, see Sivin I.

Steinauer JE, see Landy U.

Study Team, see Darroch JE; Singh S.

Stueve A, see O'Donnell L.

Thomson E, see Godecker AL.

Tiunov DV, see Amirkhanian YA.

Webb A, see Sivin I.

Weitoft GR, see Olausson PO.

Zavodny M, The effect of partners' characteristics on teenage pregnancy and its resolution, p. 192.